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Vehicle Technology Expo and the Battery Show Conference  
Novi, MI, 15-17 September, 2015

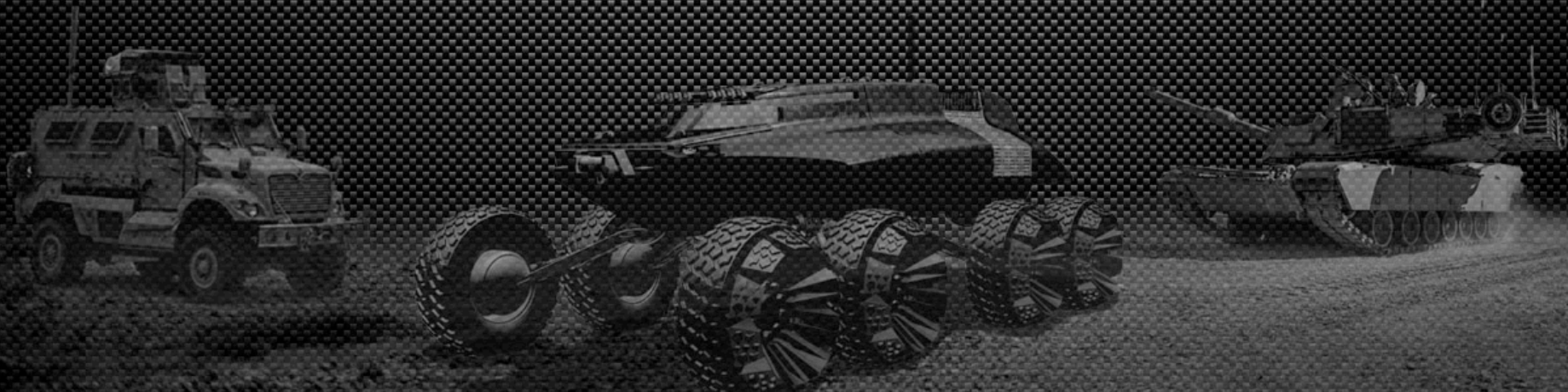
# Microgrid and Plug in Electric Vehicle (PEV) with Vehicle to Grid (V2G) Power Services Capability

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# AGENDA

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## 1. Non-Tactical Vehicle-to-Grid (V2G) Projects

- Smart Power Infrastructure Demonstration for Energy Reliability and Security Phase-II (SPIDERS-II)
- Plug in Electric Vehicle (PEV) and V2G Power services

## 2. Tactical/Combat V2G Projects

- TARDEC Microgrid and V2G System Integration Lab (SIL)
- Advanced Propulsion With Onboard Power
- Tactical Fleet Roll-up/Roll-away Microgrid

## 3. PEV and V2G Potential Benefits and Lessons Learned

## Why DOD is interested in Microgrids and with Vehicle-to-Grid (V2G) Capabilities?

### For the Nation

- Help stabilize smart grid and can generate revenue stream
  - Performing Peak Power Shaving, Power Factor Correction, Frequency Regulation, and power management
- Reduce fuel consumption and dependence on foreign oil
- Support DOD/Federal Mandates to increase the use of renewable energy

### For the Warfighter

- Vehicle Electrification with V2G capabilities will:
  - Support e-weapon and e-armor systems, and enhance Vehicle-to-Vehicle (V2V) communications and load management
  - Provide on-board, mobile, and quieter export power
  - Improve power distribution efficiency of Forward operating Base (FOB)
  - Reduce the logistic burden of hauling generators and fuel



# TARDEC V2G Related Projects and the SPIDERS-II Program



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## 2010:

- Co-funded with Auto OEMs for SAE L2 J1772 Combo connector

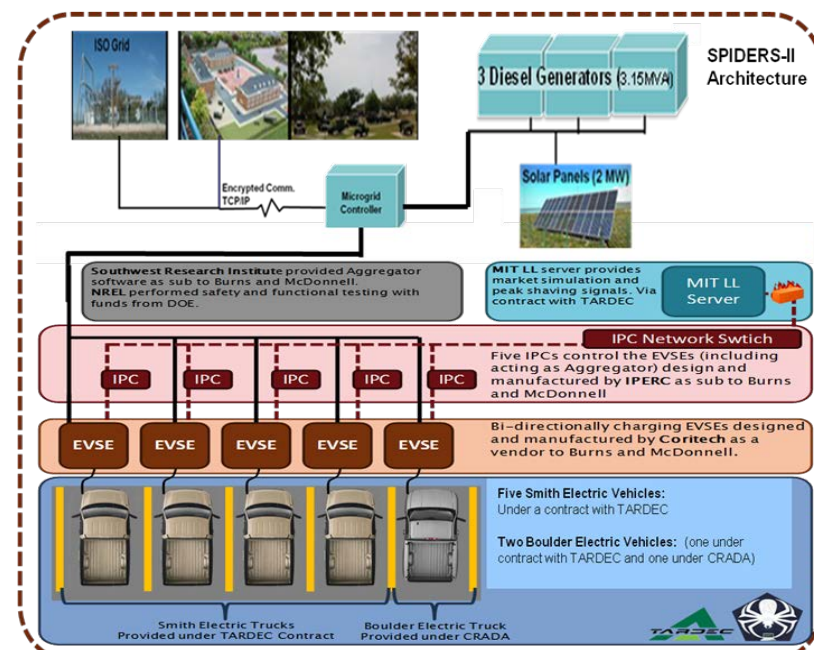


## 2011-2014:

- Leveraged SAE Standards (J2836, J2847, J2931, and J2953) to develop specifications for:
  - Plug in Electric Vehicle (PEV),
  - Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment (EVSE)
  - Interface Control Document (ICD)
- Developed:
  - Peak Shaving Algorithm
  - ISO Regulation Signal Management
  - "Draft" UL 9741 Standard for the Bi-directional EVSE
- Modified Six Electric Vehicles with V2G capability
- Built five 60 kW DC Bi-directional charging stations



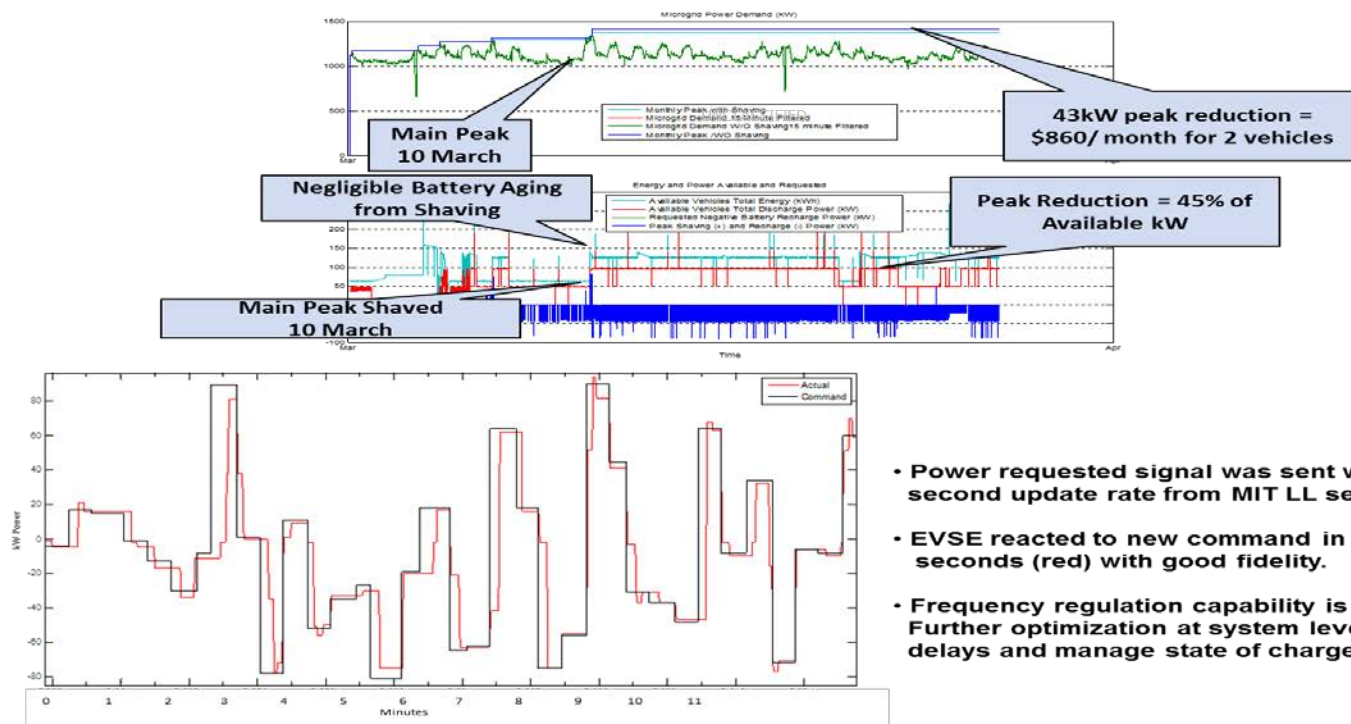
- SPIDERS-II Microgrid:
  - 1.1 MW Critical Load, 1 MW Priority Load
  - 3.25 MVA Diesel Generation (three existing assets)
  - 2 MW Solar Array (existing asset)
  - 6 Electric Vehicles with Vehicle to Grid Capability
  - Comprehensive Cyber Security Solution



- Successfully survived a 72 Hour Microgrid Cyber Attack
- Demonstrated microgrid support and V2G power grid services

## V2G Power Services Demonstration at Fort Carson, CO:

- Performed power factor correction, peak power shaving, and frequency regulation
- Verified the PEV and EVSE potential savings:
  - ✓ \$360/month/EVSE (approximately 394KVAR) by reducing power factor penalties through VAR export (without vehicles connected)
  - ✓ \$430/month/vehicle from Peak Shaving: 43kW/vehicle x \$10/kW
  - ✓ \$400/month/vehicle from frequency regulation



# DOD Plug in Electric Vehicle (PEV) Initiative With V2G Capability



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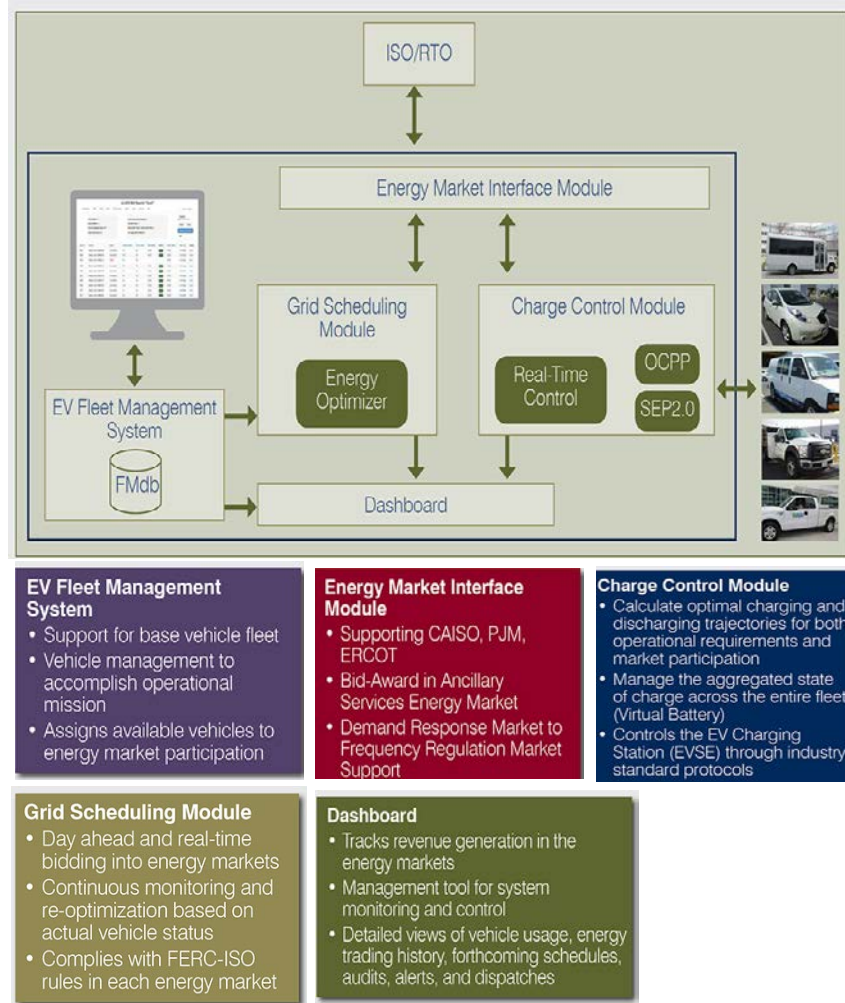
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## PEV-V2G Objectives/Products:

Install 77 PEV/EVSE at 4 DOD installations:

LA AFB - CA, Fort Hood - TX,  
JB Andrews - MD, and JB MDL - NJ

- Plug-in Electric Vehicles:
  - Bi-directional V2G capability
  - Fleet management system
  - Built to applicable SAE/IEEE standards
- Bi-directional EVSE
  - UL certified
  - Built to applicable SAE/IEEE standards
  - Supporting multi-vehicle aggregation
  - Cyber-secure grid connectivity hardware/software
- Electric grid territories (CAISO, ERCOT, PJM)
- Validated fiscally responsible fleet electrification plan and grid service power regulation





# DOD Plug in Electric Vehicle Initiative



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## Selected PEVs: EVAOS, VIA, EVI, Nissan Leaf, and Phoenix

Note:  
Most images captured during site visits to vendors



VIA Vans - Use Chevrolet Express van chassis



EVAOS -  
Uses Ford F150, F250  
and F350



EVI Stake Bed (also Box  
Truck) - LAAFB



2012 Nissan LEAF



Phoenix Shuttle Bus -  
LAAFB

## Selected Charging Stations: Coritech, Princeton Power, Eaton, and Aerovironment



Princeton Power DC  
charging station - All bases  
except MDL  
(V2G using CHAdeMO)



AeroVironment AC  
charging station -  
Fort MacArthur  
(Supports AC charging)



Eaton AC charging station  
- LAAFB  
(Supports AC charging)



AC - All Bases  
(V2G using SAE)



DC - LAAFB  
(V2G using SAE  
Combo)

## LAAFB\* (34 vehicles)

- 13 Nissan LEAFs sedans (*California Energy Commission*)
- 11 VIA plug-in hybrid vans (2 from GSA; 9 *PEV-V2G Program*)
- 5 Ford pickups equipped with EVAOS hybrid kits (*PEV-V2G Program*)
- 4 EVI hybrid trucks - 2 stake beds and 2 box trucks (*PEV-V2G Program*)
- 1 Phoenix shuttle bus (*PEV-V2G Program*)

## Fort Hood (22 vehicles)

- 8 Nissan LEAF sedans
- 14 Ford pickups equipped with EVAOS hybrid kits

## JB Andrews (13 vehicles)

- 8 Nissan LEAF sedans
- 5 Ford pickups equipped with EVAOS hybrid kits

## JB MDL (8 vehicles)

- 8 Ford pickups equipped with EVAOS hybrid kits



# PEVs and Ancillary Services Market Requirements









Concurrent  
Technology  
Corporation



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Base (Market)	Expected Demonstration Date	Minimum Requirement KW Bid/Price	Method to Meet Minimum Requirements
LAAFB (CAISO)	Sep 2015	500 KW \$0.016/KWh	5 DC Charging Stations (50 KW each) 13 DC Charging Stations (15 KW each) 17 AC Charging Stations (15 KW each)
Fort Hood (ERCOT)	Sep 2015	100 KW \$0.01/KWh	5 DC Charging Stations (15 KW each) 14 AC Charging Stations (13.4 KW each)
JB Andrews (PJM)	Oct 2015	100 KW \$0.025/KWh	4 DC Charging Stations (15 KW each) 5 AC Charging Stations (18 KW each)
JB MDL (PJM)	Oct 2015	100 KW \$0.025/KWh	8 AC Charging Stations (18 KW each)

					
<b>Range Description</b> 	(29) PEV electric range: 75 miles fuel efficiency: 99 MPGe	(32) PHEV electric range: N/A fuel efficiency: 45 MPG**	(11) PHEV* electric range: 31 miles fuel efficiency: 38 MPG**	(4) PHEV* electric range: 40 miles fuel efficiency: 43 MPG**	(1) PEV electric range: 100 miles fuel efficiency: 32 MPGe
<b>General Purpose Fleet Role</b> 	23.6 cubic feet cargo capacity 5 seats	1500 to 2800 lbs payload 3 seat standard cab 6 seats crew cab	2650 lbs payload (cargo van only) 2 seat cargo 12 seat passenger	5300 lbs payload 2 seats	116 cubic feet cargo capacity visitor transport: 12 passengers + driver
<b>Battery Capacity</b> 	24 kWh	27 kWh	21 kWh	54 kWh	102 kWh
<b># at Locations</b> 	LAAFB: 13 Fort Hood: 8 JB Andrews: 8 JB MDL: ---	5 14 5 8	11 --- --- ---	4 --- --- ---	1 --- --- ---

# How is V2G Infrastructure Controlled?



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## How is the V2G infrastructure controlled?

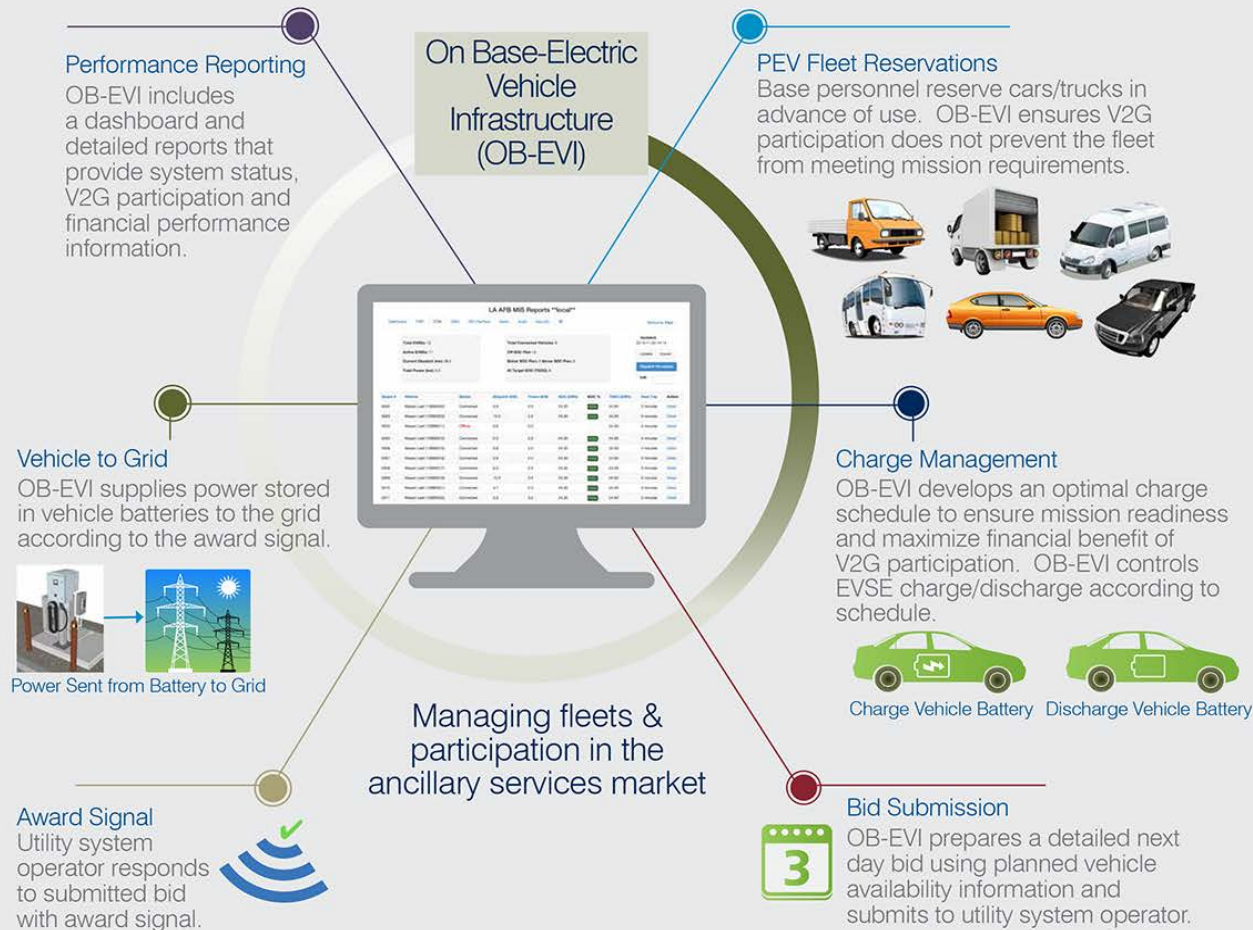
### Introduction

A V2G system is comprised of plug-in electric vehicles (PEVs), bi-directional charging stations, and software controls that enable an installation to compete in utility ancillary services markets. Customized for each base, the OB-EVI provides the communication and software controls needed for all aspects of V2G.

### Goal

Meet utility system operator's charge and discharge requirements

- Fulfill base fleet mission requirements
- Maximize ancillary services revenues
- Minimize non-conformance penalties



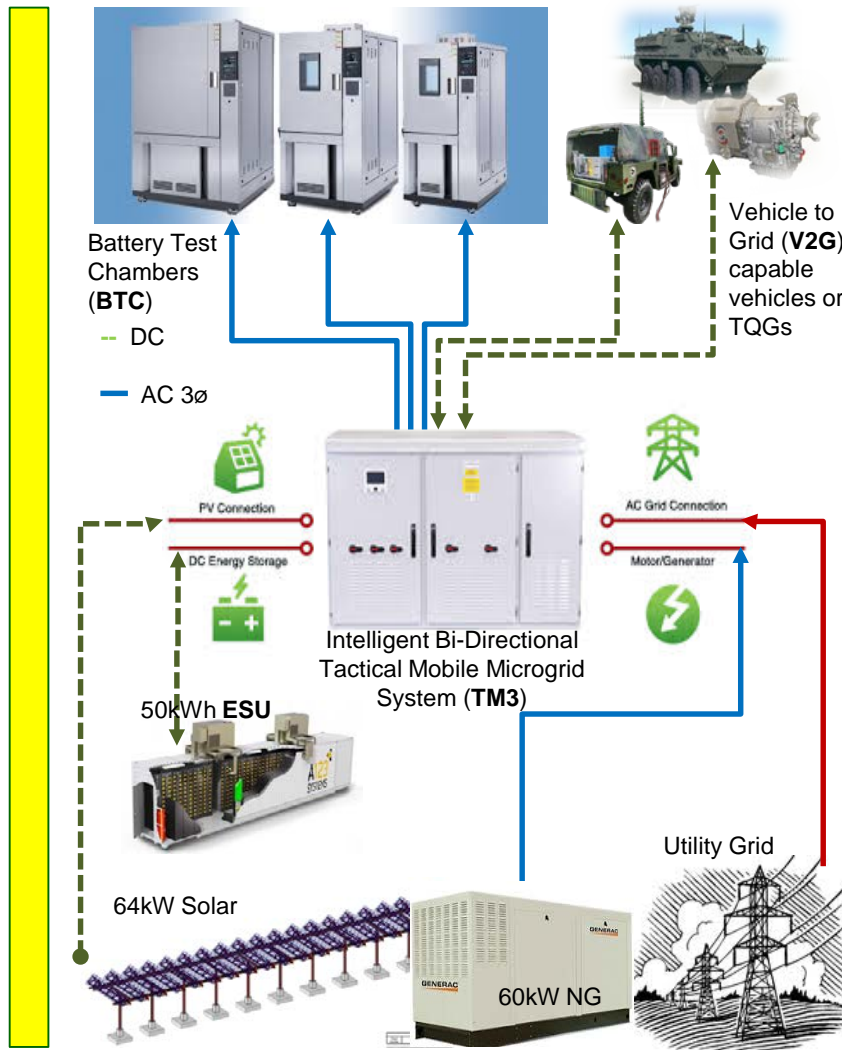


# TARDEC Microgrid

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## Purpose:

- Provide an on site research and development venue for the development, test, and demonstration of a smart, aggregated, ad-hoc capable, vehicle to grid (V2G) and Vehicle to Vehicle (V2V) capable fleet power system to support advanced vehicle systems such as e-armor, e-weapons, and advanced C4:
- Utilizing mixed power generation system such as solar arrays, Plug in electric and hybrid electric vehicles, energy storage system, base power, and various type of generators
- Provide capability to test, evaluate and integrate advanced power generation technologies
- Provide capability to test vehicle to vehicle (V2V) and V2G communication and control systems

# Advanced Propulsion with Onboard Power



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Vehicle power needs are Continuously growing. Need to generate 10x Power to:

- Support electric weapon system, and auxiliary system electrification such as e-cooling, e-armor, and e-mobility/silent watch
- Provide on-board, mobile, and quieter export power in support of power distribution efficiency of Forward operating Base (FOB)

Traditional Alternator

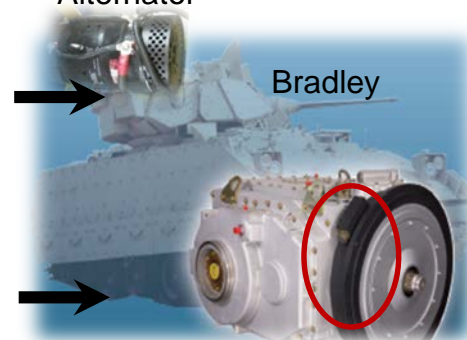


Stryker



Stryker High Voltage Onboard Generator

Traditional Alternator



Bradley

Bradley High Voltage Onboard Generator

## Develop, Integrate, and Test High Voltage Onboard Generators

**Components**  
Bench Test

**System integration**  
SIL Test

**Vehicle Integration**  
Vehicle Test



High Voltage Onboard  
Generator w/ Transmission

Export Power



6T LiON  
Energy Storage



Power  
Electronics

High Voltage  
Cooling

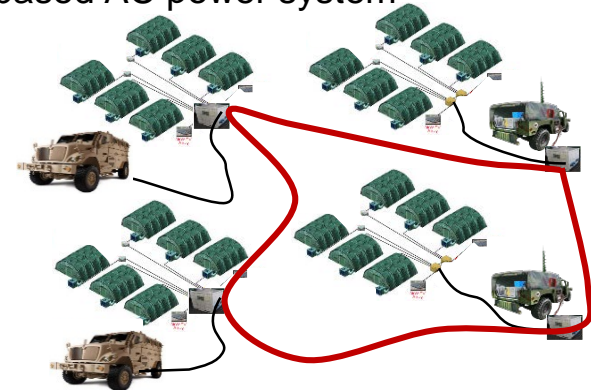




## Tactical Vehicle to Grid (V2G) and Vehicle to Vehicle (V2V) Sustainability Logistics Basing Science & Technology Objective Demonstration (SLB-STO/D):

### Purpose:

Develop and demonstrate fast forming, ad-hoc, cyber secure 240 kW vehicle based AC power system



J1772  
Combo



Fast Unloading



Off-board  
Converter



120 kW MRAP



30 kW HMMWV

### Leverages the following projects:

- SPIDERS and the DOD PEV Initiative
  - SAE J1772 Combo Connector
  - Bi-directional V2G EVSE
  - Vehicle Aggregation and Ad-hoc system forming
  - Peak shaving, VAR control, power regulation
  - Cyber Secure power generation/communications
  - Communication - Interface Control Document

### Products and payoff:

- Validate fast forming vehicle based microgrid (20 minutes or less)
- Validate V2G & V2V power/communications sharing
- 2 MRAPs (120 kW) and 2 HMMWVs (30kW) with V2G and V2V.
- Communications standards/ICD between vehicles
- Performance & fuel data of vehicles
- Support Forward Operating Base (FOB) power distribution grid
- Better utilization of vehicle systems (Currently vehicles utilized ~5% of time)
- V2G capable PEVs saving 20% of base fuel

# PEV Potential Benefits and Impacts

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## Potential benefits of the PEV with V2G capability:

- Stabilize smart grid
- Generate revenue streams from grid services reducing electric bill
- Base backup power in the event of a power failure
- Mobile power generation to augment/facilitate power after man-made or natural disaster
- Provides power for e-weapon, e-armor, advanced jamming and communications systems
- Reduces fuel consumption and dependence on foreign oil
- Improves base power efficiency
- Reduces the logistic burden of hauling generators and fuel
- Maximizes the utilization of advanced vehicles by providing power when they are parked

## PEV Impacts and Costs:

- Requires additional up-front investment in the vehicle and base infrastructure
- Reduces electrical system operational costs (cost justifies investment)
- Negatively impacts power grid cyber security if the system has not been configured properly
- Shortens energy storage system life - depends on how the energy storage is used
- Result in modestly higher:
  - Maintenance cost as a result of the additional solid state V2G equipment
  - Disposal cost of the on-board Battery pack/energy storage
  - Training and handling costs - high voltage and complex system  
(but minimized if system plug-n-play)

# V2G Lessons Learned

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## Following applicable PEV/V2G standards:

- Achieves consistency across the program
- Accelerates integration of charging stations and vehicles from various vendors

## General findings

- Display systems and processors - must be robust to perform in outdoor environment
- Component Electro-Magnetic Interference must be managed - affects operation
- 12v batteries must be charged while in V2G mode
- Battery pack balancing - interrupts planned V2G usage
- Late reservations degrade ability to meet day ahead energy bid
- Compliance to Standards does not guarantee successful operation
  - Sequence of operations is frequently not defined by the standard
  - Detailed ICD required
- Perform periodic monitoring of selected standards to discover published updates
  - Relatively immature Standards set (evolving) – lessons learned driving changes
  - Assess updates and determine if implementation revisions are either required to maintain compliance or desired to remediate prior inadequacies or add relevant functionality



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## ...What we intend to learn/show

### Future Verification/Findings

- Aggregated V2G capable fleets provide a fiscal ROI justifying electrification
- User feedback (drivers/fleet managers) regarding fleet management system
- Data collection from vehicle usage
- Data collection from V2G/ISO participation
- Data regarding effect on battery life from V2G/Grid participation
- Validation of fast forming, ad-hoc vehicle based grids



# PEV V2G Applicable Standards



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- **Communication protocols for EVSE communications**

- Smart Energy Profile 2.0 (SEP 2.0)
  - Enables communication with a set of fully SAE standard compliant equipment
  - Home Plug Green PHY 1.1
  - Open Charge Point Protocol (OCPP) v1.5
- ❖ CHAdeMO

- **UL Standards**

- UL 991 Tests for Safety-Related Controls Employing Solid-State Devices
- UL 1998 Software in Programmable Components
- UL 2594 Standard for Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment
- UL 2231/1/2 Personnel Protection Systems for Electric Vehicle (EV) Supply Circuits
- UL 1741 Standard for Inverters, Converters, Controllers and Interconnection System for Use With Distributed Energy Resources
- UL 2202 Electric Vehicle (EV) Charging System Equipment

- **SAE Standards**

- SAE J2344 Guidelines for Electric Vehicle Safety
- SAE J2464 Electric and Hybrid Electric Vehicle Rechargeable Energy Storage System (RESS) Safety and Abuse Testing.
- SAE J2293 Energy Transfer System for Electric Vehicles
- SAE J2836/1 Use Cases for Communication between Plug-in Vehicles and the Utility Grid
- SAE J2836/2 Use Cases for Communication between Plug-in Vehicles and Off-Board DC Charger
- SAE J1772 Electric Vehicle and Plug in Hybrid Electric Vehicle Conductive Charge Coupler
- SAE J2847/1 Communication between Plug-in Vehicles and the Utility Grid
- SAE J2847/3 Communication between Plug-in Vehicles and the Utility Grid for Reverse Power Flow- J2847/3
- SAE J2931/1 Power Line Carrier Communications for Plug-in Electric Vehicles

# How is V2G Infrastructure Controlled?

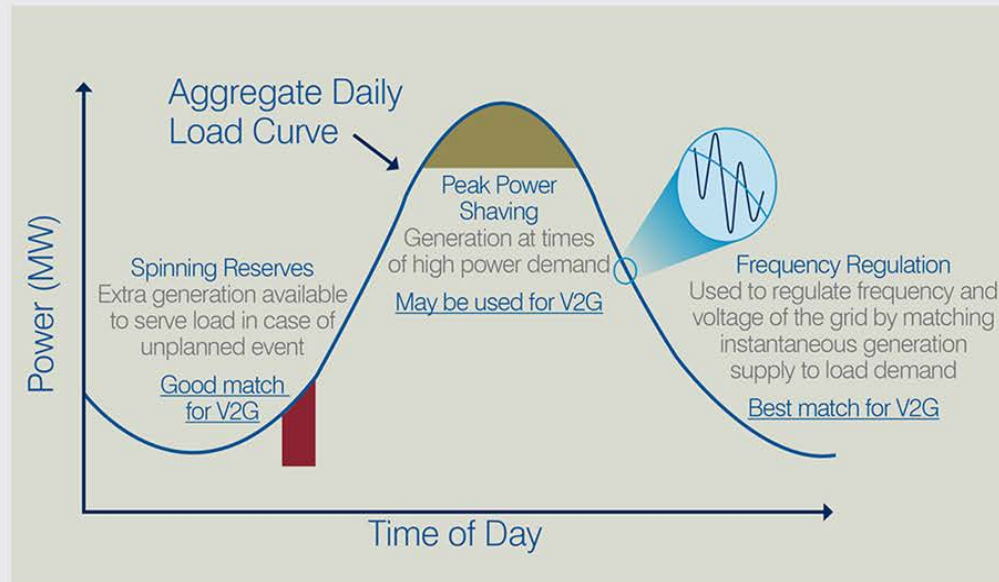


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## What benefits will the DoD obtain from future large-scale V2G implementation?



Frequency regulation is a continuous adjustment of power generation or electrical demand to maintain the grid frequency at or near the nominal 60 hertz standard.



### Cuts Installation Electricity Costs

- Earns energy revenue to offset installation utility expenses
- Increases penetration of energy storage systems
- Encourages use of lower cost, off-peak electricity

### Increases Resiliency & Reliability

- Overcomes natural disasters and intentional threats with on-site power support
- Serves as backup power to mission critical facilities during outages

### Aids Energy System Stabilization

- Reduces failure and degradation of system's electrical devices with bi-directional power flow
- Increases power distribution efficiency with on-demand reserve supplies
- Supports ancillary services market that provides grid operators with real-time adjustment capabilities
- Cuts electrical generation operational costs

### Provides a Positive Environmental Impact

- Promotes use of renewable energy
- Supports the national goal of reducing fossil fuel and energy consumption
- Reduces dependence on foreign energy sources
- Reduces greenhouse gas emissions



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# Questions?